

学习目标

Learning Objectives



Talk about housing 谈论住房



Meet and greet people 打招呼与问候

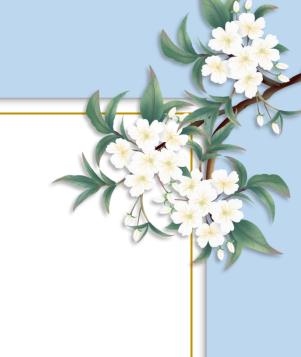


Introduce oneself/other people 介绍自己/他人



Fill personal housing information 填写个人住房信息

第一部分 Reading



Reading

The Next Big Trend: MicroApartme



Housing is the living places for human beings. As the population keeps climbing, people in the city have to face the reality that housing is in short supply. To solve this problem, New York city planners are challenging tradition and starting to design more "micro units".

Micros, also known as "hostel-style" apartments, usually offer less than 200 square feet (18.5 square meters) in area. Could you imagine living in 150 square feet (14 square meters)? These units usually have only room for a bed, a table mini-fridge and the basic living essentials.

Reading





Why is the micro apartment so appealing? The reasons are rather straightforward. It is perfect for the single people who don't have a lot of things. It can also meet the need of people who are short on cash but determined to live in their own places

Micro apartments are very common in cities like Tokyo and Hong Kong, where there are so many people living. Now this tiny housing solution is gaining ground in urban areas in the U.S. and Canada





课程内容教学





The micro apartment is an experiment in simplicity in American culture. So small-scale home life is part of a hot trend in U.S. real estate. Some people are proud of it. Some of them can find the humor and fun in their small places. But not everyone is in favor of the trend.



下一个大趋势: 微型公寓

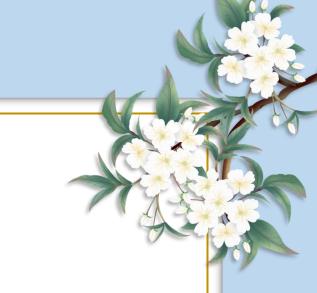
住房是人类居住的地方。随着人口数量不断攀升,城市里的人们不得不面对住房供应短缺这一现实。为了解决这个难题,纽约城市规划者们正在挑战传统住房,开始设计更多的"微型单元房"。

微型公寓,也叫做"旅社风格"公寓,通常提供不足200平方英尺(18.5平方米)的居住面积。你能想像一下住在150平方英尺(14.5平方米)的地方吗? 这些公寓单元通常只有一个房间,里面有一张床,一个桌式迷你冰箱以及一些基本的生活设施。

为什么微型公寓如此吸引人呢?原因是非常明显的。这对于没有很多东西的单身人士是相当合适的。它也能满足并不富裕又想有个家的人的需求。

微型公寓在人口很多的城市,如东京、香港等地是非常普遍的。现在,这种微型住房方式在美国和加拿大的市区正在越来越被接受。

微型公寓是美国文化中极简生活风格的一种尝试。因此小规模家庭生活是 美国房地产的热门趋势之一。一些人为它感到骄傲。一些人能从他们的小住 所里发现幽默和乐趣。但不是每个人都喜欢这种趋势。



第二部分

语法小结

grammer analysis

可数名词和不可数名词

例: That's why tiny little apartments with a bedroom, a kitchen and a bathroom come into being. 那就是只有一卧一厨一卫的微型公寓形成的原因。

• 名词根据其可数性,可分为可数名词和不可数名词。可数名词即可以计数的名词,有单数、复数之分。在上句中,apartment, bedroom, kitchen, bathroom 为可数名词,有单数和复数形式。不可数名词一般没有复数形式,下句中的love和happiness是不可数名词。例如: A beautiful little room with love and happiness is a great place to live.

不可数名词

1.自然界的: light光 sunshine阳光

2.液体: juice果汁 water水

3.抽象: beauty漂亮 traffic交通

4.膏状物: cheese奶酪 chocolate巧克

力

不可数名词

5.粉: flour面粉 bread面包 sand沙子 sugar糖

6.材料: paper纸 cotton棉花

glass玻璃 wood木材

7.各种肉: meat肉 beef牛肉

chicken鸡肉 fish鱼肉



专有名词和普通名词



名词 (noun)

表示人、事物、地点、抽象概念等名称的词 (世间万物的名称)、 简称 n.

专有名词

1.人名: Mark Twain 马克吐温

2.团体机构或会议: the United

Nations

3.星期月份节日: Saturday 星期

六 Spring Festival春节

4.地名、国家名、山河名:

China 中国 Mount Tai泰山

5.普通名词构成的专有名词:

the Great Wall长城

the Summer Palace颐和园

普通名词

*可数名词: 1.个体名词(个体的人

或事物):个体的人或事。例:

chair椅子 school学校

2.集体名词(一群人或一些事物的

整体名词,是不可分割的):

people人们 police警察

*不可数名词: 1.物质名词(无法分

成个体的物质或材料的名词):

paper纸 water水

2.抽象名词(品质、感情、状态、

动作): happiness幸福 love爱





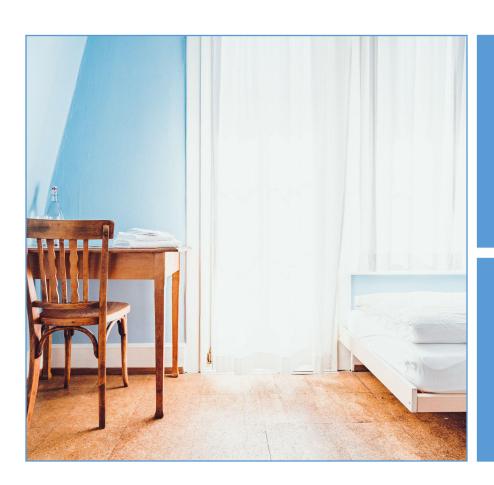
第三部分

课后作业布置

Homework arrangement

课后作业布置





1.单词

熟读背诵本单元单词

2.语法

理解并记忆课文中的语法 知识

3.重点短语

理解并记忆



